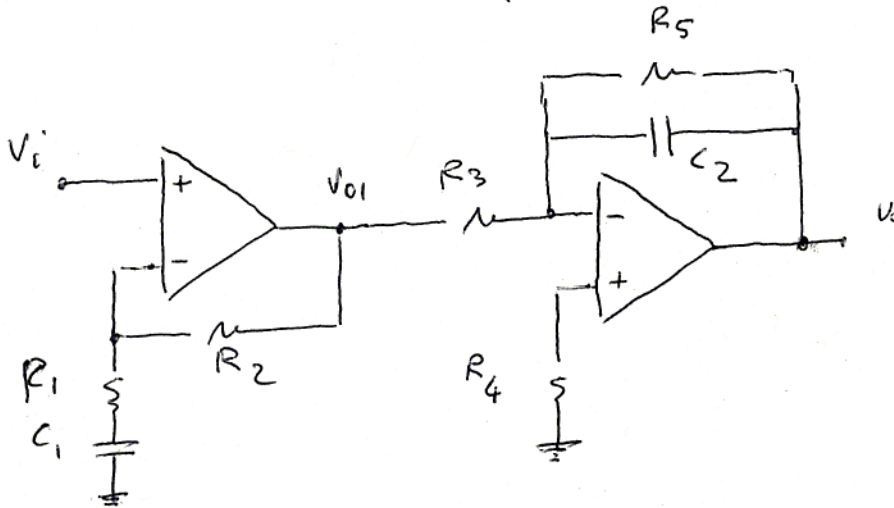


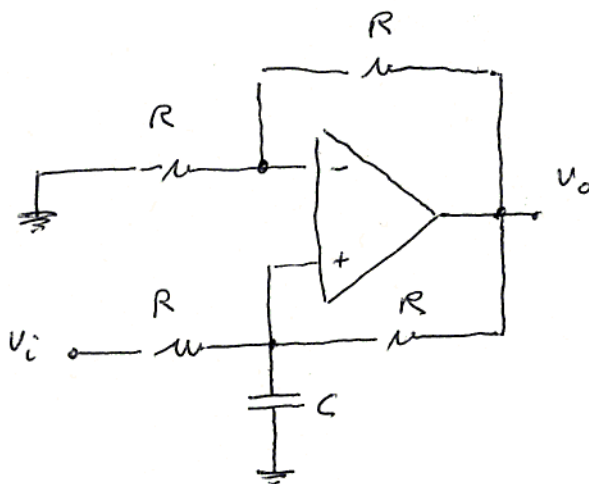
A

- DETERMINARE LA FUNZIONE DI TRASFERIMENTO $\frac{V_o}{V_i}$ E LE PULSAZIONI DEI RELATIVI POLI E ZERI
DET. QUADAGNO PER $f \rightarrow 0$ E $f \rightarrow \infty$



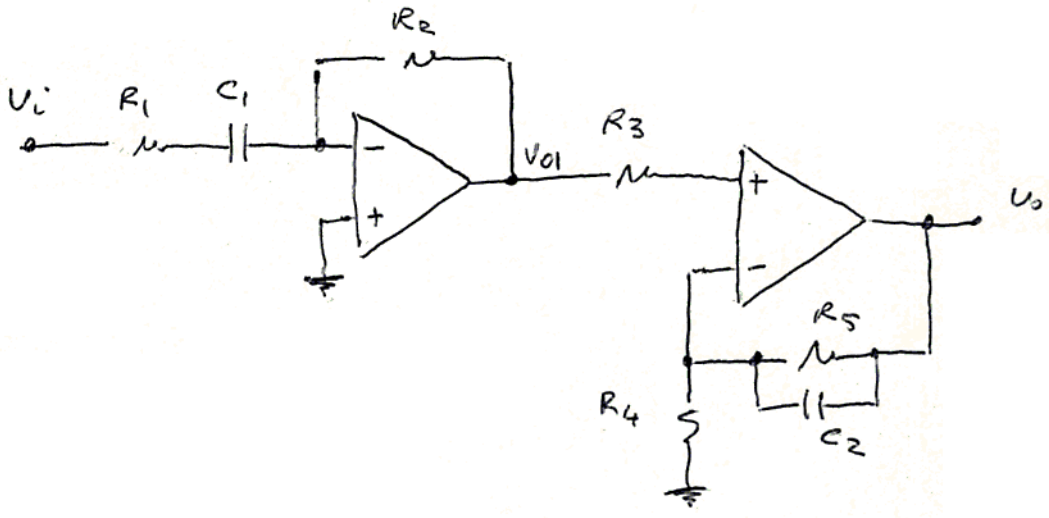
B

- DETERMINARE LA FUNZIONE DI TRASFERIMENTO $\frac{V_o}{V_i}$ ED EVENTUALI POLI E ZERI



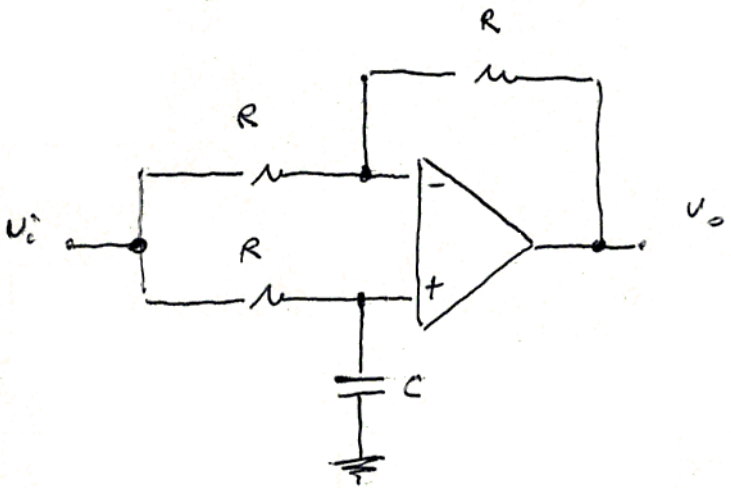
C

- DETERMINARE LA FUNZIONE DI TRASFERIMENTO $\frac{V_o}{V_i}$ E LE PULSAZIONI DEI RELATIVI POLI E ZERI
DET. GUADAGNO PER $f \rightarrow 0$ E $f \rightarrow \infty$



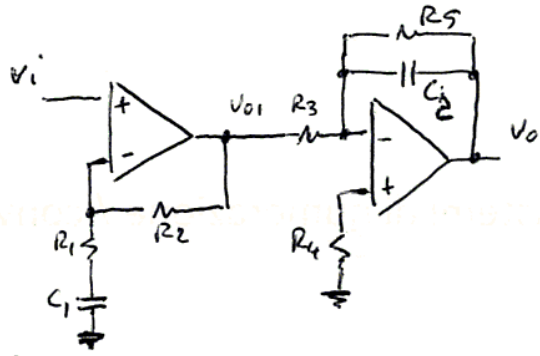
D

- DETERMINARE LA FUNZIONE DI TRASFERIMENTO $\frac{V_o}{V_i}$ ED EVENTUALI POLI E ZERI



A

$H.P. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{OP. AMP IDEALE} \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} A_d = \infty \rightarrow V^- = V^+ \\ R_{in} = \infty \rightarrow I^- = I^+ = 0 \\ R_o = 0 \end{array} \right. \\ \text{FONZ. LINEARE} \end{array} \right.$



$$V_{01} = V_i \frac{R_2 + Z_1}{Z_1} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Z_1 = R_1 + \frac{1}{sC_1} = \frac{1 + sR_1C_1}{sC_1} \end{array} \right.$$

$$V_{01} = V_i \frac{R_2 + \frac{1 + sR_1C_1}{sC_1}}{\frac{1 + sR_1C_1}{sC_1}} = V_i \frac{1 + sR_1C_1 + sR_2C_1}{1 + sR_1C_1} = V_i \frac{1 + s(R_1 + R_2)C_1}{1 + sR_1C_1}$$

$$I^+ = 0 \rightarrow V^+ = R_4 I^+ = 0 \quad V^- = V^+ = 0$$

$$V_0 = - \frac{Z_5}{R_3} V_{01} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Z_5 = R_5 \parallel \frac{1}{sC_2} = \frac{R_5 \cdot \frac{1}{sC_2}}{R_5 + \frac{1}{sC_2}} = \frac{R_5}{1 + sR_5C_2} \end{array} \right.$$

$$V_0 = - \frac{R_5}{R_3} \cdot \frac{1}{1 + sR_5C_2} V_{01}$$

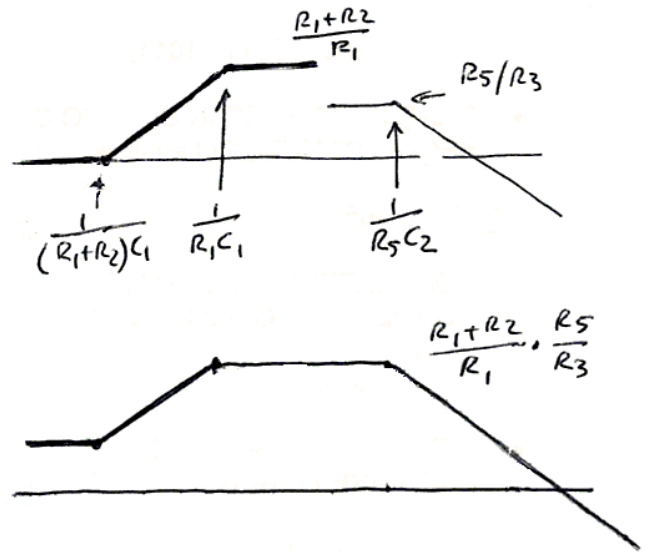
$$V_0 = - \frac{R_5}{R_3} \cdot \frac{1 + s(R_1 + R_2)C_1}{(1 + sR_1C_1)(1 + sR_5C_2)} V_i$$

$$F(s) = \frac{V_0}{V_i} = - \frac{R_5}{R_3} \cdot \frac{1 + s(R_1 + R_2)C_1}{(1 + sR_1C_1)(1 + sR_5C_2)}$$

ZER1 $s = - \frac{1}{(R_1 + R_2)C_1} \quad Z_1$

POL1 $s = - \frac{1}{R_1C_1} \quad P_1$

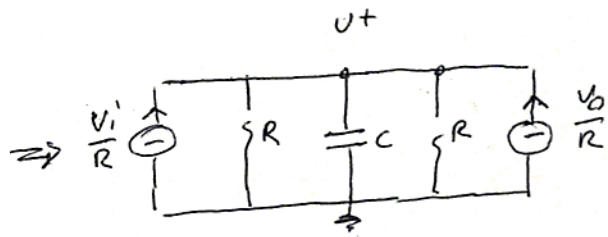
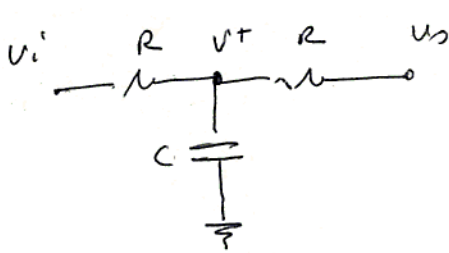
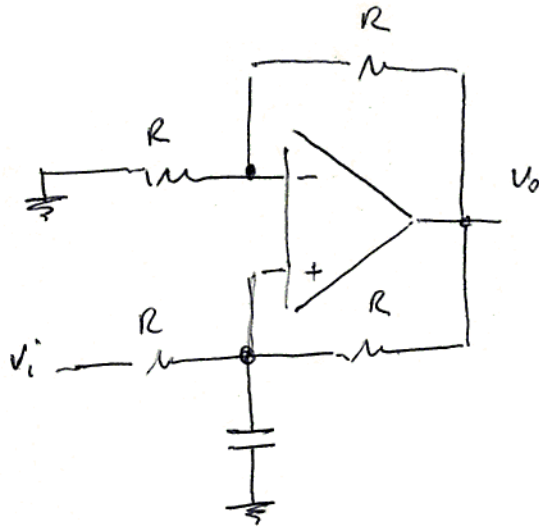
$s = - \frac{1}{R_5C_2} \quad P_2$



PER $f \rightarrow 0$ C: CIRC. APERTO $V_{01} = V_i$ $V_0 = - \frac{R_5}{R_3} V_{01} = - \frac{R_5}{R_3} V_i$ $\frac{V_0}{V_i} = - \frac{R_5}{R_3}$

PER $f \rightarrow \infty$ C: CTO CTO $V_{01} = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1} V_i$ $V_0 = 0$

B



$$V^+ = \frac{V_i + V_o}{R} \cdot \frac{\frac{R}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{sC}}{\frac{R}{2} + \frac{1}{sC}} = \frac{V_i + V_o}{R} \cdot \frac{R}{2 + sRC} = \frac{V_i + V_o}{2 + sRC}$$

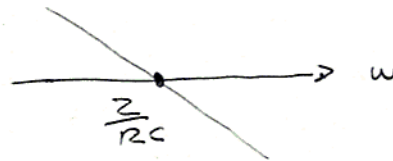
$$V^- = V^+$$

$$V_o = 2V^- = 2 \frac{V_i + V_o}{2 + sRC}$$

~~$$2V_o + sRCV_o = 2V_i + 2V_o$$~~

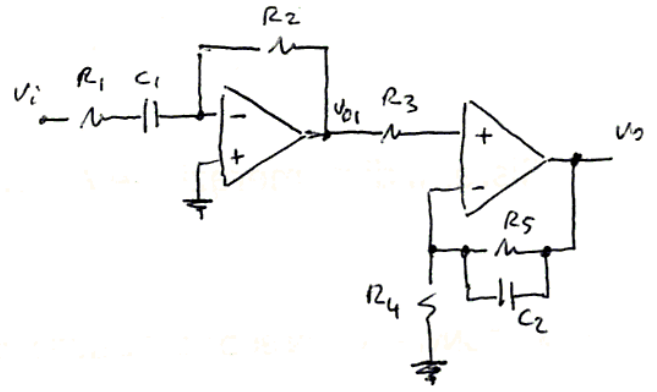
$$\frac{V_o}{V_i} = \frac{2}{sRC}$$

INTEGRATORE
NON INVERTENTE



C

H_p { OPAMP IDEALE $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} A_d = \infty \rightarrow V^- = V^+ \\ R_{in} = \infty \rightarrow I^- = I^+ = 0 \\ R_o = 0 \end{array} \right.$
 FUZZ. LINEARE



$$V_{01} = - \frac{R_2}{Z_1} V_i \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Z_1 = R_1 + \frac{1}{sC_1} = \frac{1 + sR_1C_1}{sC_1} \end{array} \right.$$

$$V_{01} = - \frac{R_2}{\frac{1 + sR_1C_1}{sC_1}} V_i = - \frac{sR_2C_1}{1 + sR_1C_1} V_i$$

$$I^+ = 0 \rightarrow V_{R_3} = R_3 I^+ = 0 \rightarrow V^+ = V_{01}$$

$$V_0 = \frac{R_4 + Z_5}{R_4} V^+ \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Z_5 = R_5 \parallel \frac{1}{sC_2} = \frac{R_5 \cdot \frac{1}{sC_2}}{R_5 + \frac{1}{sC_2}} = \frac{R_5}{1 + sR_5C_2} \end{array} \right.$$

$$V_0 = + \frac{1}{R_4} \left(R_4 + \frac{R_5}{1 + sR_5C_2} \right) V^+ = \frac{1}{R_4} \left(\frac{R_4 + R_5 + sR_4R_5C_2}{1 + sR_5C_2} \right) V^+ = \frac{R_4 + R_5}{R_4} \cdot \frac{1 + s \frac{R_4R_5C_2}{R_4 + R_5}}{1 + sR_5C_2} V^+$$

$$V_0 = - \frac{R_4 + R_5}{R_4} \cdot \frac{sR_2C_1}{1 + sR_1C_1} \cdot \frac{1 + s \frac{R_4R_5C_2}{R_4 + R_5}}{1 + sR_5C_2} V_i$$

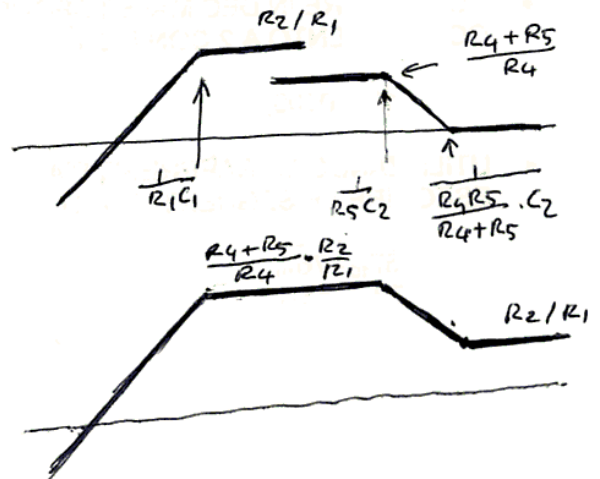
$$F(s) = \frac{V_0}{V_i} = - \frac{R_4 + R_5}{R_4} \cdot \frac{sR_2C_1}{1 + sR_1C_1} \cdot \frac{1 + s \frac{R_4R_5C_2}{R_4 + R_5}}{1 + sR_5C_2}$$

ZERI

$s = 0$	Z_1
$s = - \frac{1}{\frac{R_4R_5C_2}{R_4 + R_5}}$	Z_2

POLI

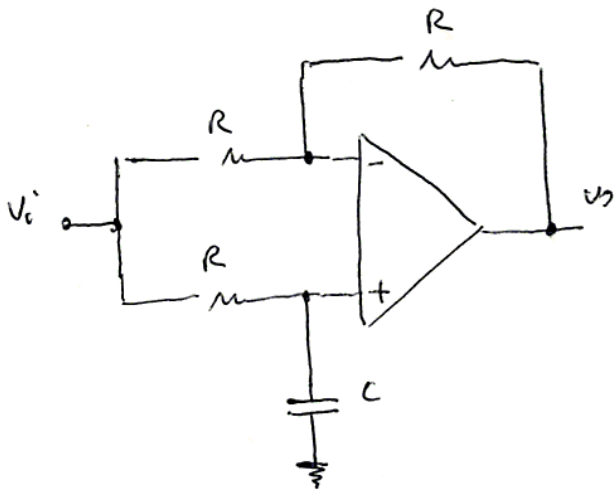
$s = - \frac{1}{R_1C_1}$	P_1
$s = - \frac{1}{R_5C_2}$	P_2



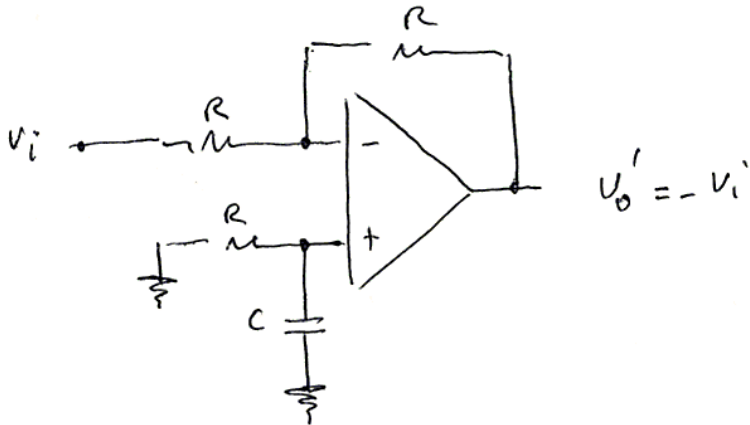
PER $f \rightarrow 0$ C: CIRC. APERTO $V_{01} = 0$ $V_0 = 0$

PER $f \rightarrow \infty$ C: CTO CTO $V_{01} = - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_i$ $V_0 = V_{01} = - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_i \rightarrow \frac{V_0}{V_i} = - \frac{R_2}{R_1}$

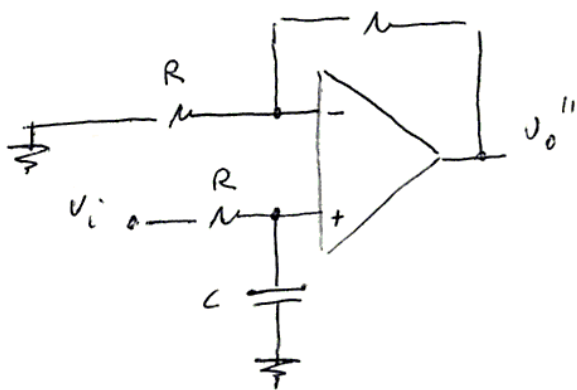
D



PSE



$$V_0' = -V_i$$



$$V^+ = V_i \frac{\frac{1}{sC}}{R + \frac{1}{sC}} = V_i \frac{1}{1 + sRC}$$

$$V^- = V^+$$

$$V_0'' = 2V^- = \frac{2}{1 + sRC} V_i$$

$$V_0 = V_0' + V_0'' = \frac{2}{1 + sRC} V_i - V_i = \frac{2 - 1 - sRC}{1 + sRC} V_i = \frac{1 - sRC}{1 + sRC} V_i$$

SFASATORE PURO

ZERI $s = \frac{1}{RC}$
 POLI $s = -\frac{1}{RC}$

